

Cox-PH Model

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Introduction

- The Cox PH model is written in terms of the hazard model formula.
- This model gives an expression for the hazard function at time t for an individual with a given specification of a set of explanatory variables denoted by X
- The model is given as

$$h(t, X) = h_0(t)e^{\sum_{i=1}^p \beta_i X_i}$$

- The term $h_0(t)$ is the baseline hazard function.
- The explanatory variables are said to time-independent.
- An important feature of this formula, which concerns the proportional hazards (PH) assumption, is that the baseline hazard is a function of t , but does not involve the X 's.
- The Cox model formula has the property that if all the X 's are equal to zero, the formula reduces to the baseline hazard function. That is, the exponential part of the formula becomes e^0 , which is 1.

- A time-independent variable is defined to be any variable whose value for a given individual does not change over time. Example is gender.
- The baseline hazard $h_0(t)$ is an unspecified function, this property makes the Cox model a **semiparamtric** model.

Relating Survival and Hazard Functions

- The cumulative hazard is

$$\begin{aligned}\Lambda(t|X) &= \int_0^t \lambda(t|X) dt \\ &= \int_0^t \lambda_0(t) \exp(X'\beta) dt \\ &= \left\{ \int_0^t \lambda_0(t) dt \right\} \exp(X'\beta) \\ &= \Lambda_0(t) \exp(X'\beta)\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

- Here $\Lambda_0(t)$ is called the baseline cumulative hazard function.

Survival Function

- Let's derive the survival function in this scenario

$$S(t|X) = \exp\{-\Lambda(t|X)\} = \exp\{-\Lambda_0(t) \exp(X'\beta)\}$$

- The density function is given by:

$$\begin{aligned} f(t|X) &= -\frac{d}{dt} S(t|X) \\ &= -\frac{d}{dt} \exp\{-\Lambda_0(t) \exp(X'\beta)\} \\ &= \exp\{-\Lambda_0(t) \exp(X'\beta)\} \lambda_0(t) \exp(X'\beta) \\ &= S(t|x) \lambda(t|X) \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

Cox PH Model Estimation

- For the observed data (V_i, Δ_i, X_i) $i = 1, \dots, n$ the likelihood for the Cox PH model is

$$\begin{aligned} L(\beta) &= \prod_{i=1}^n f^{\Delta_i}(V_i|X_i) \{S(V_i|X_i)\}^{1-\Delta_i} \\ &= \prod_{i=1}^n \{\lambda(V_i|X_i)S(V_i|X_i)\}^{\Delta_i} \{S(V_i|X_i)\}^{1-\Delta_i} \quad (3) \\ &= \prod_{i=1}^n \{\lambda_0(V_i \exp(X_i'\beta))\}^{\Delta_i} \exp\{-\Lambda_0(V_i \exp(X_i'))\} \end{aligned}$$

Thank You!